

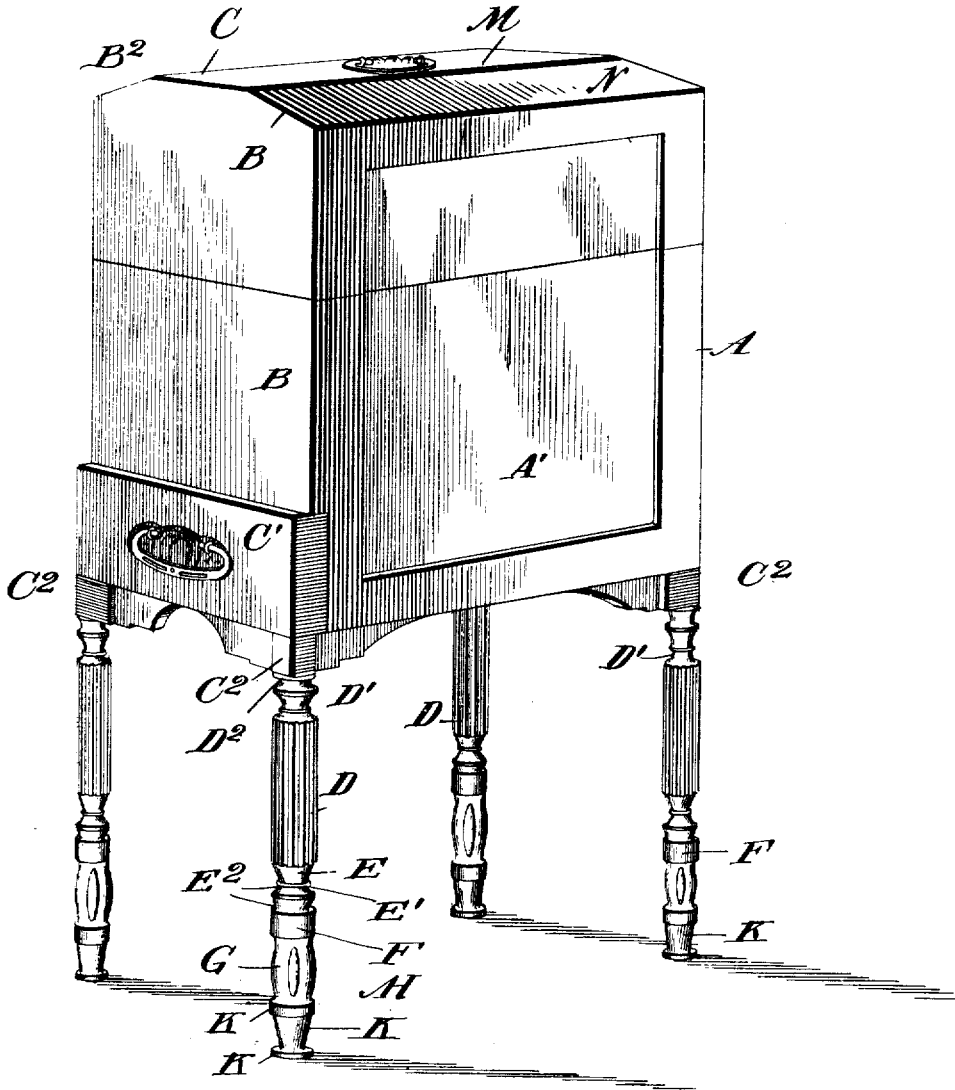
DESIGN.

No. 33,195.

Patented Sept. 11, 1900.

J. D. BUTLER.
CABINET.

(Application filed July 14, 1900.)



WITNESSES:
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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN D. BUTLER, OF GILES MILLS, NORTH CAROLINA, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO ERNEST F. YOUNG, OF DUNN, NORTH CAROLINA.

DESIGN FOR A CABINET.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Design No. 33,195, dated September 11, 1900.

Application filed July 14, 1900. Serial No. 23,681. Term of patent 7 years.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JOHN D. BUTLER, a citizen of the United States, residing at Giles Mills, in the county of Sampson and State of North Carolina, have invented and produced a certain new and useful Design for a Cabinet; and I do declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawing, and to the letters of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

15 This invention relates to a novel design for a cabinet, and the design is clearly illustrated in the accompanying drawing.

In the accompanying drawing I have shown a perspective view of the cabinet.

20 Reference now being had to the details of the design by letter, A designates the front face of the cabinet, having a square outlined panel A', and B designates the end, the upper margin of which tapers at B' and B² and merges into a flat portion C. The lower portion of the end projects a slight distance, as seen at C'. Underneath each lower corner of the cabinet are the square portions C², and stepped brackets extend toward each other from the inner margins of said square portions C², the inner portions of the brackets being slightly concaved and their extreme inner ends merging into the under edge of the cabinet. Extending downward from the upper edges of the square portions C² are the legs having the longitudinally-fluted portions D, the upper ends of which taper inwardly and upwardly and terminate in beads D'.

The portions of the legs immediately above said beads curve outwardly, and from the upper end of said flaring portion the legs curve slightly inward and upward and terminate in a bead or shoulder D². The lower fluted portions of the legs merge into inverted conical-shaped portions E, which in turn terminate in beads E', and extending downward from the beads E' are the double tapering portions E², merging into cylindrical portions F. Beneath said cylindrical portions are the swelled portions G, having longitudinal and oval ribs H, and the feet of the legs consist of the upwardly-flaring portions K, having shoulders K' at each end.

The top of the cabinet has a central flat portion M and the inclined portions N, outwardly and downwardly inclined from the opposite edges of said flattened portion. Over the central portion of the top is an ornamental raised portion, which is oblong, with its opposite longitudinal margins convexed and the ends terminating in ornamental posts, while between the marginal edges of the raised portion a portion of a depressed sphere stands in relief. The circumference is fluted or ribbed. From diametrically-opposite locations extend the ends of the handle.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim is—

The design for a cabinet, substantially as shown and described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

JOHN D. BUTLER.

Witnesses:

A. L. HOUGH,
FRANKLIN H. HOUGH.